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Applicant: Jonathan Yen et al. Art Unit: 2757

Serial No.: 09/844,324 Examiner: B. Edelman

Filed : April 26, 2001

Title : Detecting Halftone Modulations Embedded in an Image

Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

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EXHIBIT A

Jonathan Yen

Imaging Technology Department

Hewlett Packard Laboratories

Project Review, 1998

MEWLETT PACKARD

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Electronic Image Fingerprint

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A user model

- » Image halftoning with multiple screens
- Start with a "small" set of micro screens
- Compose halftone screens in terms of micro screens
- Arbitrary choices of micro screens
- Perceptually seamless across the boundaries of micro screens



Electronic Image Fingerprint

An example

- » Two 32x32 micro screens
- » A 256x256 composite halftone screen

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with tile map:
```

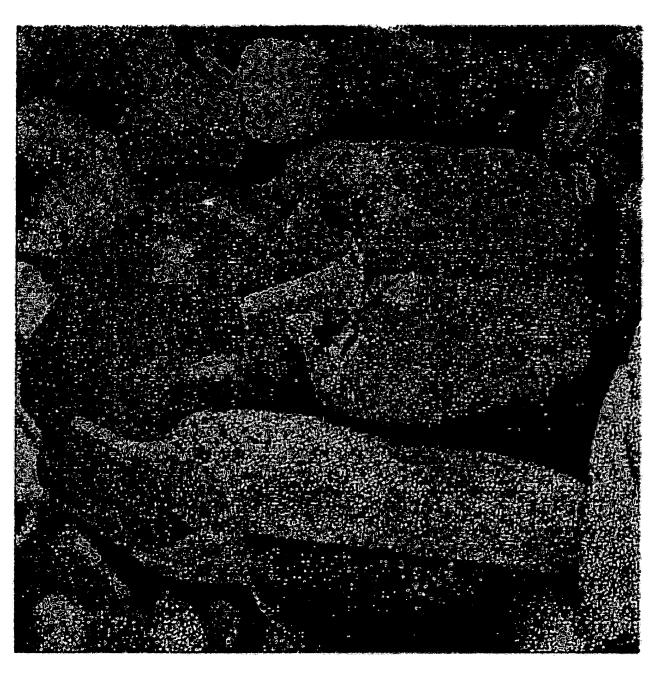


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Original Grayscale Image

Halftone Image BEST AVAILABLE COPY



Scanned Image

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Approaches

» Matched Filter

-One (bi-level) match filter per micro screen

Construct according to an image intensity level

A 16x16 CSD Halftone Screen

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```
218
         97
                           169
                                141
                                     121
                       204
              193
     164
                 116 139
                                230
                                991
                                         136
165
    209
              93
                  198
                       20
L23
                                     101
190
                  182
                       194
)127
98
                                     180
199
                  167
                                     138
```



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<u>:</u>

Approaches

» Matched Filter

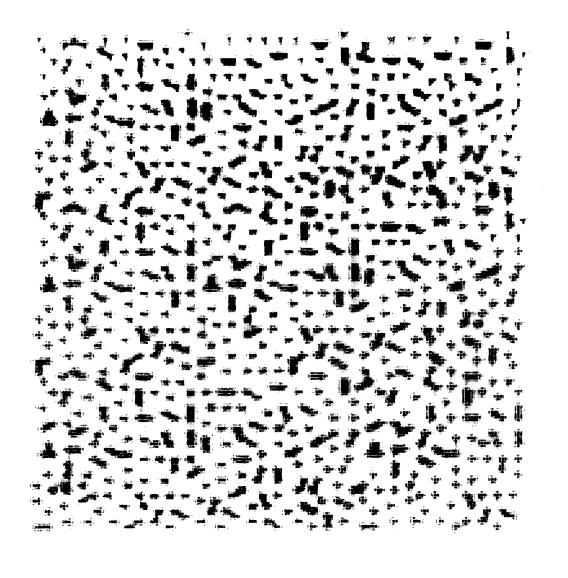
- One (bi-level) matched filter per micro screen
- Construct according to an image intensity level
- Convolve with the scanned image, per pixel
- Sharpen the result by a sharpening filter
- Look for a local maximum
- Normalize and scale for visualization



Jonathan Yen ITD, HP Laboratories

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A Scanned Image

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A Score Map (w.r.t. Screen 1)

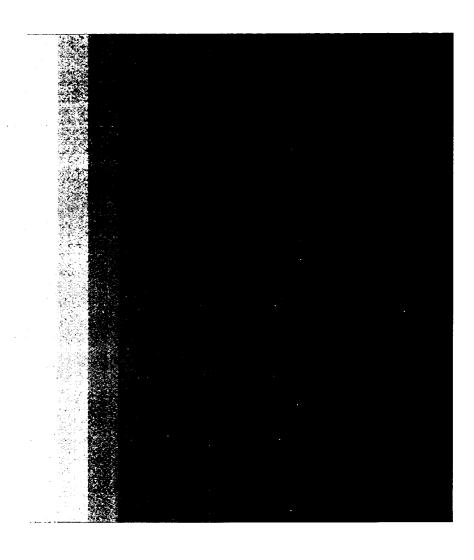
::

Another Score Map (w.r.t. Screen 2)

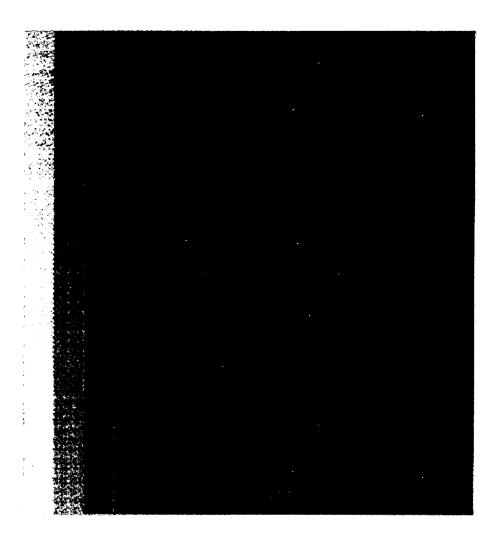
.**:**

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A Gray Ramp



A Halftone Gray Ramp



A Scanned Gray Ramp

%05

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25%

Portions of Score Map (w.r.t. Screen 1)

75%

Approaches

» Matched Filter

One (bi-level) matched filter per micro screen

Construct according to intensity level 50%

- Sharpen the filter by a sharpening filter

Convolve with the scanned image, per pixel

-Look for a local maximum by a threshold

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Slide 21/33



» Global Stitching



Collect and consolidate pinnacles

Tally for coordinates mod screen dimensions

Coalesce neighbors

Remove outliers

Record preliminary results

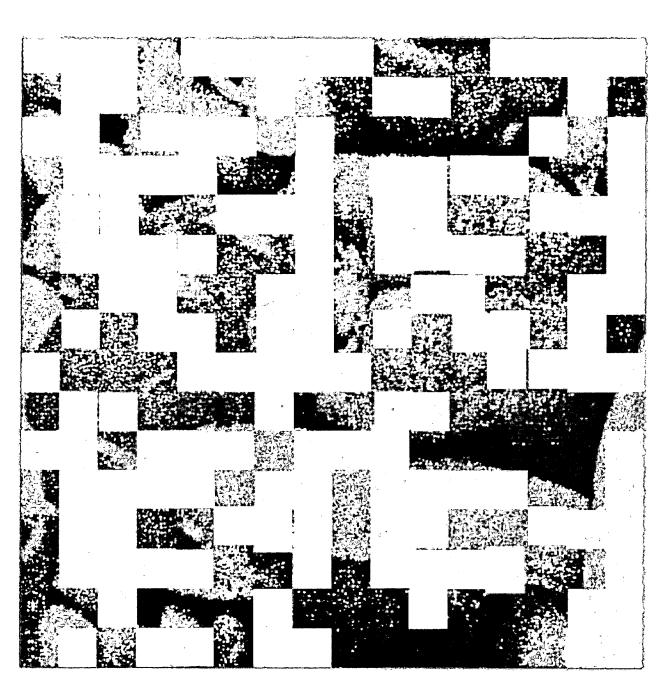
Display color-coded preliminary results



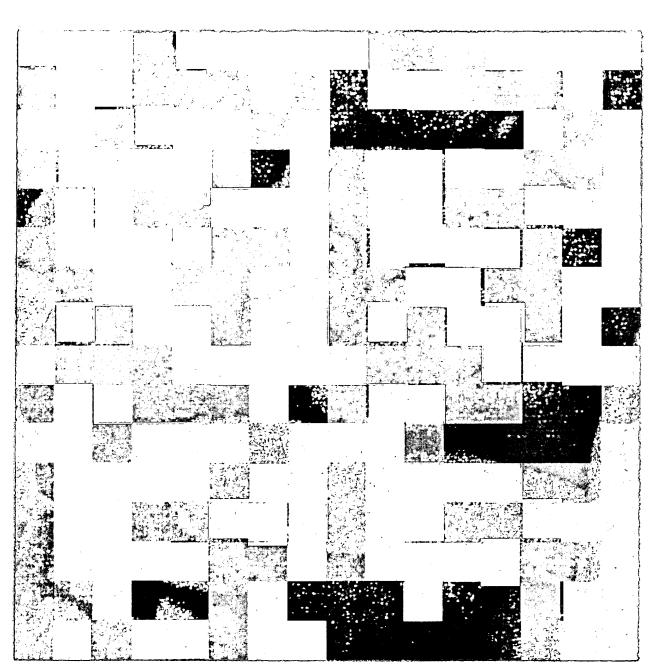
A Scanned Image BEST AVAILABLE COPY



Color-coded Display for Detection of Screen



Color-coded Display for Detection of Screen 2 BEST AVAILABLE COPY

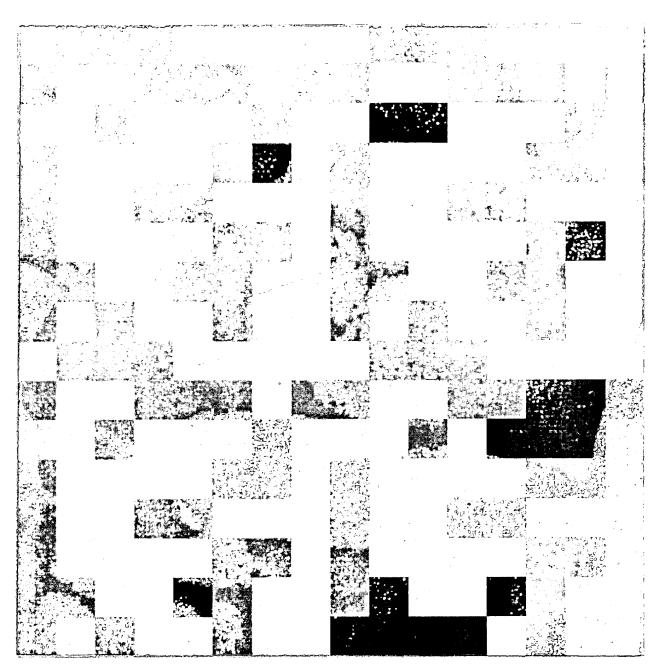


Color-coded Display of Preliminary Results

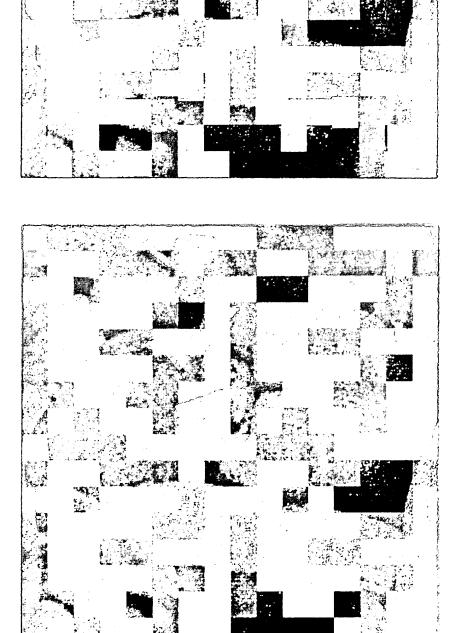
- Approaches
- » Global Stitching
- Resolve ambiguities
- False alarm (Overlap in score maps)
- » Compare convolution results
- » Must differ by a certain amount
- » Lower threshold to look for possible pinnacle Missed detection (Absence in score maps)
- » Must be higher than certain amount



Slide 27/33

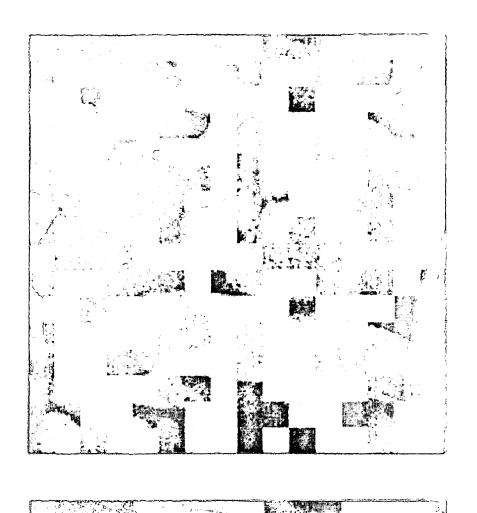


Color-coded Display of Combined Result



Preliminary Result

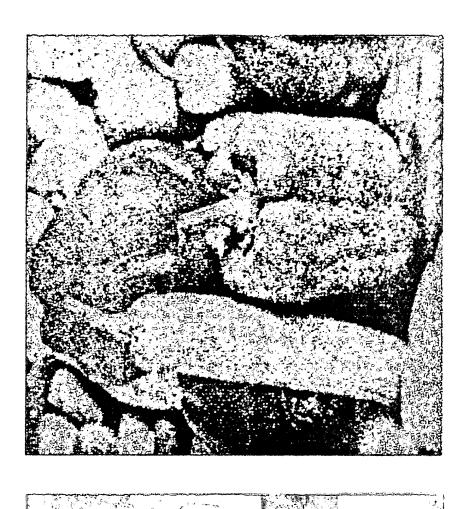
Combined Result



Correct Result

Combined Result





Scanned Image

Combined Result

Approaches

» Global Stitching

Resolve ambiguities

Record "hard" decisions

Resolve uncertainties

Adjust intensity level of Matched Filter and repeat

Record "soft" decisions

Rely on redundancies or error-correction schemes

Summary

monochrome images, by halftoning the images with Electronic image fingerprint is feasible, at least for micro screens.

• A user model is being defined.

• Match filters are useful for recognition of image halftone structures.

encryption encoder as well as down-stream decoder. Must work with up-stream screen designer,